

## Addition/Correction

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## Multi-Emissive Difluoroboron Dibenzoylmethane Polylactide Exhibiting Intense Fluorescence and Oxygen-Sensitive Room-Temperature Phosphorescence [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2007, *129*, 8942–8943].

Guoqing Zhang, Jianbin Chen, Sarah J. Payne, Steven E. Kooi, J. N. Demas, and Cassandra L. Fraser

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Multi-Emissive Difluoroboron Dibenzoylmethane Polylactide Exhibiting Intense Fluorescence and Oxygen-Sensitive Room-Temperature Phosphorescence [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2007, *129*, 8942–8943]. Guoqing Zhang, Jianbin Chen, Sarah J. Payne, Steven E. Kooi, J. N. Demas, and Cassandra L. Fraser\*

Page 8942. The extinction coefficient for BF<sub>2</sub>dbmPLA (2) is incorrect as reported using the number-average molecular weight,  $M_n$ , determined by gel permeation chromatography (GPC) in tetrahydrofuran versus polystyrene (PS) standards with a 0.58 PLA correction factor in the calculation. The correct value for this sample, obtained after precipitation from CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>/cold MeOH (4 °C) (2×) and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>/hexanes (2×) (residual monomer content <1%, as verified by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy), is  $\epsilon = 36\ 000\ M^{-1}\ cm^{-1}$ . The second sentence of the fourth paragraph should read as follows:

UV/vis spectroscopic data for BF<sub>2</sub>dbmOH ( $\lambda_{max} = 397$  nm,  $\epsilon = 53\ 000\ M^{-1}\ cm^{-1}$ ) and BF<sub>2</sub>dbmPLA ( $\lambda_{max} = 396$  nm,  $\epsilon = 36\ 000\ M^{-1}\ cm^{-1}$ ) show high molar absorptivities characteristic of this family of compounds.

Calculated epsilon values for BF<sub>2</sub>dbmPLA materials typically range from  $\sim$ 35 000 to 40 000 M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>, depending on polymer molecular weight and polydispersity index, as determined by GPC versus PS standards (0.58 correction factor). Correct elemental analysis data for 1: C, 61.73; H, 4.56.

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